



"IT MAKES ME FEEL LIKE A NEW MAN"

I want to talk to men who have pains and aches, who feel run down physically, who realize that the old "fire" and energy which was so evident in youth is absent now; men who can't stand the amount of exertion they could years ago. I want you—if that means you—to see what I have done for others who were just as bad off. That's my introduction. If a friend in whom you had confidence presented some one to you and said, "Jack, here's Brown; he has made good with me, and I trust him," wouldn't you trust him, too?

"Mr. H. A. Lehnardt, proprietor of the Fernando Hotel, Fernando, Cal., a man known to thousands of Californians, a G. A. R. veteran, says that my Belt cured him of Rheumatism, and that he will praise it for all time as the grandest remedy known for that trouble."

Mr. W. F. Quite, Cedarville, Cal., writes, March 10: "Your Belt cured me after I had spent \$1000 in useless doctoring."

I have cured thousands of men who have squandered the savings of years in useless doctoring.

My Belt is easy to use; put it on when you go to bed; you feel the glowing heat from it (no sting or burn, as in old style belts), and you feel the nerves tingle with the new life flowing into them. You get up in the morning feeling like a two-year-old.

An old man of 70 says he feels as strong and young as he did at 35. That shows it renews the vigor of youth. It cures Rheumatism, Sciatic Pains, Lumbago, Kidney Trouble. Banishes pain in a night, never to return.

Mr. A. C. Hammond, 330 Pine street, San Francisco, says, March 20: "At the age of 75 your Belt has cured me of general weakness and kidney trouble."

What ails you? Write and tell me, and no matter where you are I think I can give you the address of some one in your town that I have cured. I've cured thousands and every man of them is a walking advertisement for my Belt.

Every man who uses my Belt gets the advice and counsel of a physician free. I give you all that any medical man can give, and a lot that he can't. Try my Belt.

FREE BOOK—Write me today for my beautiful illustrated book, with cuts showing how my Belt is applied, full of good reading matter for men who want to be "The Noblest Work of God"—A MAN. Inclose this ad and I will send this book, sealed, free.

DR. M. G. McLAUGHLIN, 906 MARKET ST., above Ellis, San Francisco

Woven Wire Mattress

There is but one—made only by the Honolulu Wire Bed Co., Alapai street. When buying a wire bed see that it is marked R. & V. P. (rust and vermin proof). For sale by furniture dealers or at factory.

Wire beds repaired and made R. & V. P.

Telephone, or address orders as above.

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SPECIAL SALE

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MEN'S and BOY'S CLOTHING!

For One Week Only

COMPRISING:

BOYS' SUITS from \$1.50 up to \$7.50 each and MEN'S SUITS from \$5.00 to \$15.00.

We have received a full and complete line of Neckwear at a very low price and are dispensing it at the same.

STRAW HATS just to hand, comprising all the latest novelties for 1905.

Also, a very complete line of SHIRTS at a very low price.

First callers get largest assortment to choose from.

L. B. KERR & CO., LTD.

Alakea Street.



There is a Smashup Due

In the family where the wife insists on the husband going down town for his **RAINIER BEER**

It's a family beverage that tastes good and is good for you.

RAINIER BOTTLING WORKS, AGENTS
Hustace Avenue (Kewalo). Phone White 1331.

MAGOON'S DEFENCE

He Makes Answer to Disbarment Charges.

J. Alfred Magoon has filed his return to the information presented by S. M. Ballou, as a special deputy of the Attorney General, charging him with unprofessional conduct and malpractice. Respondent denies each and every allegation charging that he "has been guilty of professional improprieties, malpractice and gross misconduct, but on the contrary alleges that he has always conducted himself in an honorable manner in his profession, and with the utmost loyalty to his clients."

He admits the matter of the Kamalo case judgment against Frank Hustace, John J. Egan and Frank H. Foster for \$35,000 in cash and 6000 shares of Kamalo Company's stock, that he was one of the attorneys for the plaintiffs in that case and that Hustace paid \$11,951.57 and delivered 5288 shares of Kamalo paid-up stock on account of the judgment.

Respondent denies "that on or about the 14th day of July, 1902, or at any other time, he accepted from said Hustace a retaining fee in the matter of advising said Hustace how he could escape from full liability of said judgment, as in paragraph IV of said information alleged, but on the other hand brands every word thereof as utterly false, malicious and untrue. That as to the amount paid by said Hustace to respondent of \$150, respondent alleges that the same was paid to him for a perfectly proper and legitimate purpose, and that when all the circumstances are considered not only was the conduct of respondent proper and legitimate, but involves self-sacrifice on the part of respondent in the exercise of respondent's duties in a charitable and humane manner. That in all that respondent did in the matter he tried to live as nearly as he could according to the golden rule 'Do unto others as ye would that they should do unto you,' and respondent denies that in any act performed by him in said matter, or in any other matter during his professional career here of nearly twenty years he has been guilty of any professional misconduct."

As to the charge of impropriety, "respondent has to say that if to be merciful to one's enemy makes one guilty of impropriety, respondent must plead guilty to this charge. Frank Hustace was respondent's foe in the Kamalo litigation. He was vanquished and came pleading to respondent's client for mercy. There was no help for him from any source except from the Kamalo Sugar Company, respondent's client. In this helpless condition the company brought Hustace to respondent, and directed respondent to assist him. Of course respondent was not obliged to follow their instructions, but he was only too glad to do so if he could without prejudicing their rights. That it was unwise for respondent to have attempted to in any way relieve Mr. Hustace from his distressing situation, subsequent events have abundantly proved; but respondent pleads that his desire to promote justice blinded his vision to such an extent as to make him unable to see that it was the part of wisdom to help his enemy."

As to a triple charge in a certain paragraph, regarding advice to Hustace putting him on the way for defrauding the Kamalo stockholders, the other creditors of his estate and the court itself, each and every allegation is denounced as "wholly false, malicious and untrue." In connection with the charges he explains that he was acting all the time as attorney for the Kamalo Sugar Co., and in pursuance of its instructions, the scheme the company approved being to exhaust all recourse against Egan and Foster before proceeding further against Hustace.

In this connection "the suggestion was made by respondent to said Hustace that nothing could be done for him so long as he had property standing in his name subject to be levied on under execution, and that if he would give a good and sufficient bond or other satisfactory security that he would pay whatever portion of the judgment should remain unpaid after exhausting the property of Egan and Foster, there would be no objection, so far as the Kamalo Sugar Company was concerned to his making a transfer of his property so that the Sheriff could find nothing on which to levy, but that at no time did the matter ever reach a stage where respondent advised, or could have advised said Frank Hustace to make such transfer, for the reason that Frank Hustace never fulfilled the condition on which respondent would have under any possible circumstances advised him to make such a transfer."

Even then he would not have given the advice had he not been counseled thereto by his then partner, E. C. Peters, now Deputy Attorney General. All of his actions with Hustace he declares were open and aboveboard and the matter was freely discussed with Attorney A. G. M. Robertson, counsel for Hustace. If Hustace had provided the security, it is claimed the arrangement would have been beneficial to the Kamalo Sugar Co. Respondent contends there was a complete absence of the condition of fraud which he has always understood as being "that in order to commit a fraud on a person something must be done to that person without his consent or knowledge to his injury or hurt, with a corrupt motive." He quotes a statement under date of June 23, 1904,



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is a perfect cigar because it not only has behind it the ripest experience and the best workmanship obtainable, but it is made by methods and materials beyond the reach of any but the largest cigar manufacturing establishment in America and probably in the world.

This cigar represents everything that large capital and unequalled resources can put into it.

It is made of choice Havana tobacco, bought before the war in Cuba commenced and stored in such a temperature as has constantly added to its quality.

It will give you as pleasant a smoke as an imported cigar, but without the ill after-effects which result from habitually smoking the latter.

You certainly ought to give this celebrated cigar a trial.

KERBS, WEINHEIM & SCHIFFER, GUNST-EAKIN CIGAR CO., MANUFACTURERS, DISTRIBUTORS.

A Great Detective

Here is an instance of Mr. McClusky's work, which we quote from Pearson's Magazine, and which illustrates his remarkable memory for faces:

One night during the early days, long before New York became the "Greater City" she is today, when the "famous" Byrnes was chief of the forty sleuths in the detective bureau, McClusky, at that time Byrnes's right-hand man, was walking past Delmonico's old restaurant in Twenty-sixth Street when he suddenly came to a stop. Glancing casually through a window he had singled out of the crowd of diners one of three men seated around a table. He had recognized a notorious "crook."

Only one who has seen thousands of faces daily and has attempted to memorize particular features can properly appreciate McClusky's feat. Despite the lapse of two years, despite a handsome, black, square trimmed beard which the fugitive had raised, and despite the fact that he was supposed to be in Europe, in the aristocratic-looking gentleman seated at table the detective recognized a once gaunt, haggard individual much wanted.

McClusky, in those days nicknamed "Gentleman George" because of his scrupulous care in attire, entered the restaurant and walked toward the three diners. It was the most natural thing in the world that a guest should happen across three friends at dinner, and hardly a soul in the gaudy, brilliant assemblage suspected an impending arrest. Only the house detective and the night manager had recognized the "sleuth," and they feared a scene. But one of the things upon which McClusky prided himself was his knack of doing things smoothly.

"Sorry to interrupt you, gentlemen. I am McClusky, of Inspector Byrnes's staff," he began, dropping into a chair. "As for you, John Russell, alias McDermott," he continued, addressing the black-bearded man, "Inspector Byrnes has been looking for you for some time. You're wanted at Headquarters."

Lightning from a clear sky crashing through the center of the table could not have caused greater surprise.

"There must be some mistake. I am Sir Robert Peale. I met Mr. Russell on the Etruria and we came into town only this morning," explained the host of the occasion.

But there was no mistake. Russell had been wanted for two years on the double charge of bigamy and grand larceny, and he was nipped in the bud of further "business," for he had represented himself as a man of wealth and influence, had made arrangements to guide Sir Robert and his friend on a shooting trip through the West, and had managed to get control of the common cashbox, containing seven thousand five hundred dollars.

been subjected to all sorts of persecutions, saying the gibbet and the stake had not stopped the aim that has wrought out the reforms of the world. Mr. Magoon in his closing remarks says:

"Whatever the results may be respondent wishes to say in advance that he should never think for one moment to impute to the members of the court any but the loftiest purpose and intention to do what they consider right and just, and if he is so unfortunate as to differ from the court in the sentiments which he has herein expressed, he will attribute it to the difference of opinion such as many men far more illustrious and far more able than he have been obliged to suffer for since the beginning of time. He is perfectly willing to obey every rule of the court, every order of the court and every statute of the land, and will carry all such out to the very best of his ability. If he offends the letter of any of them he should expect to receive the punishment commensurate with his offense. But he does not expect this court to draw an imaginary dead line for unwary attorneys to pass over, and then permit them to be made the objects of vindictive attacks."

TERRITORY DEMURS.

Attorney General Lorrin Andrews has entered a demurrer to the claim of American-Hawaiian Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd., against the Territory of Hawaii. Among other grounds the following are alleged: That it is not shown that the petitioner has legal capacity to sue. That it does not appear whether the petitioner is a foreign or domestic corporation. That it is not shown that the person or persons making the alleged contract were legally authorized to perform the acts. That it does not appear that the materials furnished and labor performed not included in the contract were furnished and performed pursuant to a written order of the Superintendent of Public Works or his authorized agent as the specifications required. That it appears by the petition that the contract for the reconstruction of the Brewer's warehouse was declared to be null and void by the Supreme Court, and that the materials furnished for the warehouse and the labor performed in regard to it were furnished and performed under the terms of a void contract.